



Financial Aid 101

Webinar Topics

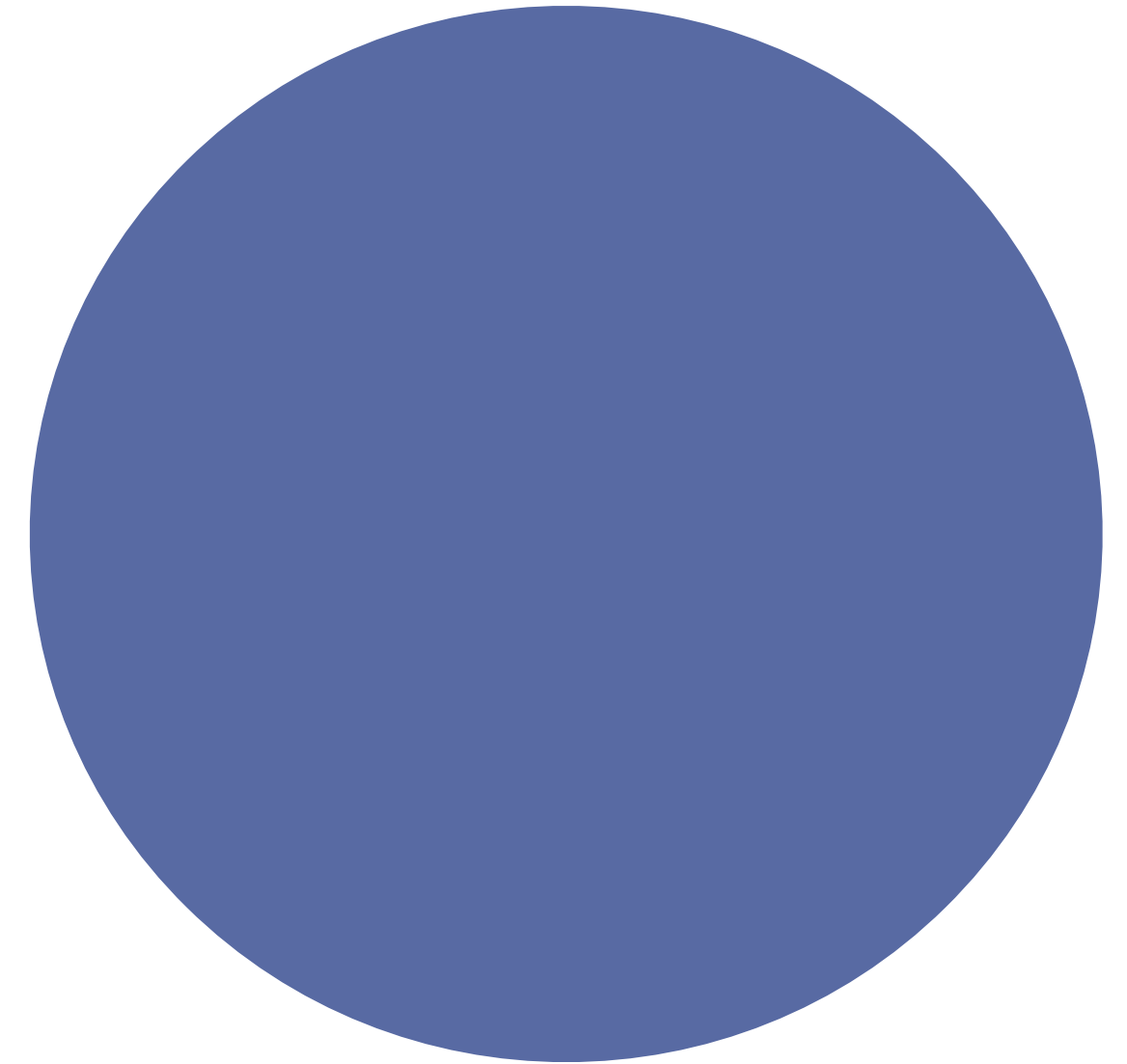
- Types & Sources of Financial Aid
- The Application Process
- How Financial Aid Decisions Are Made
- Paying for College
- What You Can Do Now



Types and Sources of Financial Aid

What is Financial Aid?

- Financial aid is money to help students pay for college
- 3 main types:
 - Grants and scholarships (gift aid)
 - Federal work-study
 - Federal student loans



Federal Direct Student Loans

- Student is the sole borrower
- No credit check
- Subsidized and Unsubsidized
- 6.52% fixed interest rate for 2026-27
- Repayment:
 - No payments due while enrolled
 - Multiple options (many tied to income)
 - Total borrowed for 4 years: \$27,000 max
 - Standard Repayment Plan: 10-25 years depending on loan balance
 - Deferment, forbearance, and forgiveness opportunities

Annual Loan Limits	
Freshman Year	\$5,500
Sophomore Year	\$6,500
Junior Year	\$7,500
Senior Year	\$7,500

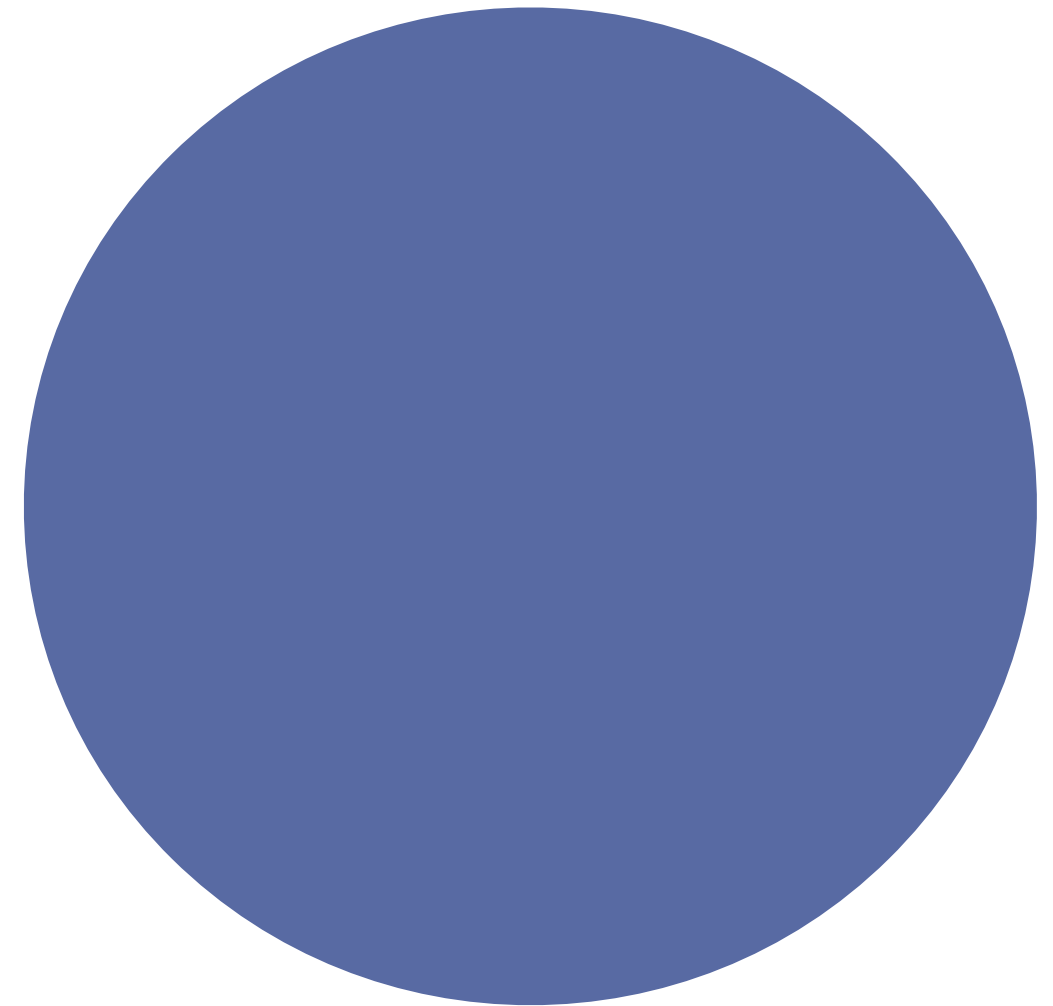
Sources of Financial Aid

Federal	Massachusetts
• Grants, work-study, loans, tax incentives • StudentAid.gov	• Grants, scholarships, tuition waivers, loans • mass.edu/osfa
College/University (institutional aid)	Other Agencies
• Grants, scholarships, loans	• Scholarships: Search through mefapathway.org and fastweb.com, and check with your school counselor
\$205 billion*: The total amount of aid undergraduate students received in 2024-25	

**Trends in Student Aid 2025, The College Board*

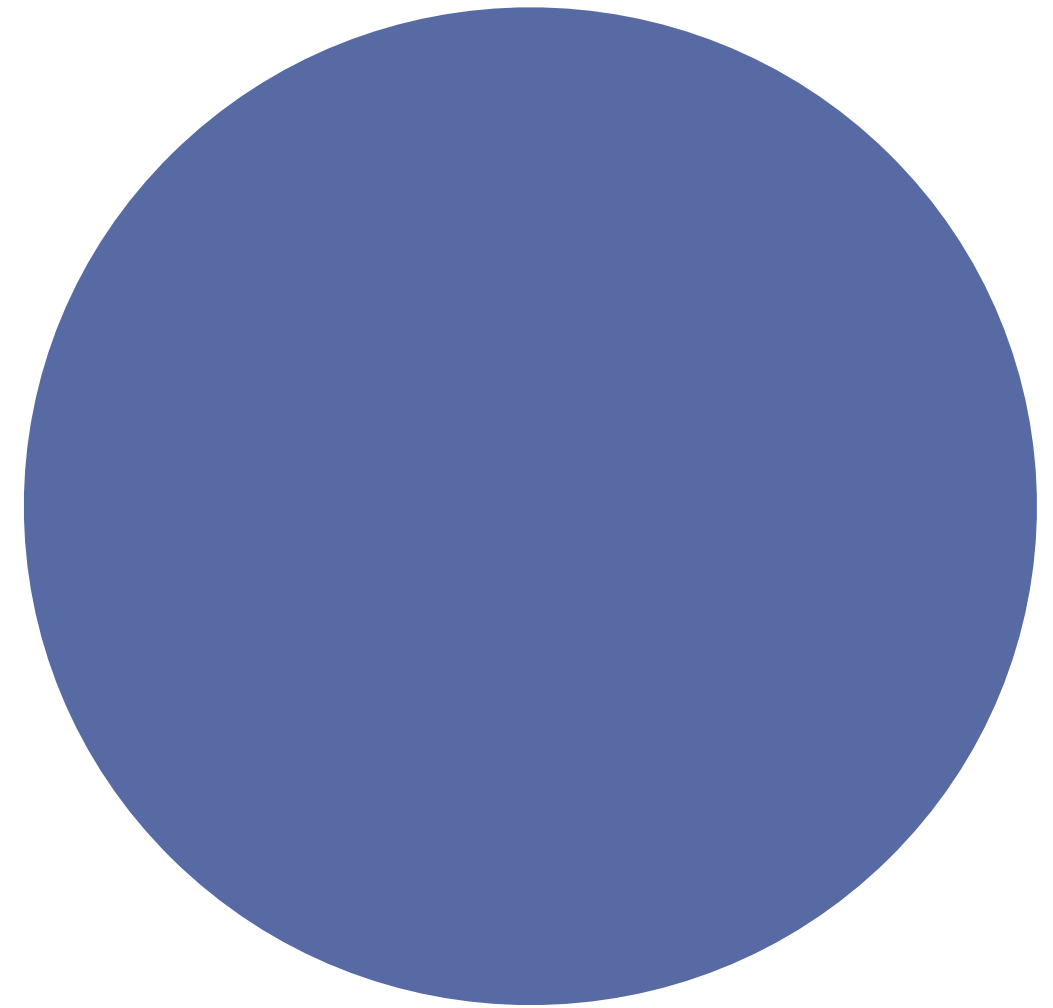
Merit-Based Aid

- Awarded in recognition of student achievements (academic, artistic, athletic, etc.)
- Might have renewable requirements or not be renewable
- Not offered at every college; check each college's website for details
- Separate application sometimes required (check deadlines!)
- Application deadline may be as early as November



Need-Based Aid

- Based on family's financial eligibility ("need")
- Eligibility determined by a standardized formula
- Includes grants, loans, and work-study
- Most financial aid is need-based
- Must be making satisfactory academic progress



The Application Process

Financial Aid Timeline

- Check deadlines and required applications on each college's website now
- You will likely apply for financial aid before you receive the admissions decision
- Early Action/Decision deadlines are often in October or November
- Standard deadlines are typically in February or March
- MEET APPLICATION DEADLINES!
- Use MEFA's College Application Manager mefa.org/college-application-manager to stay organized

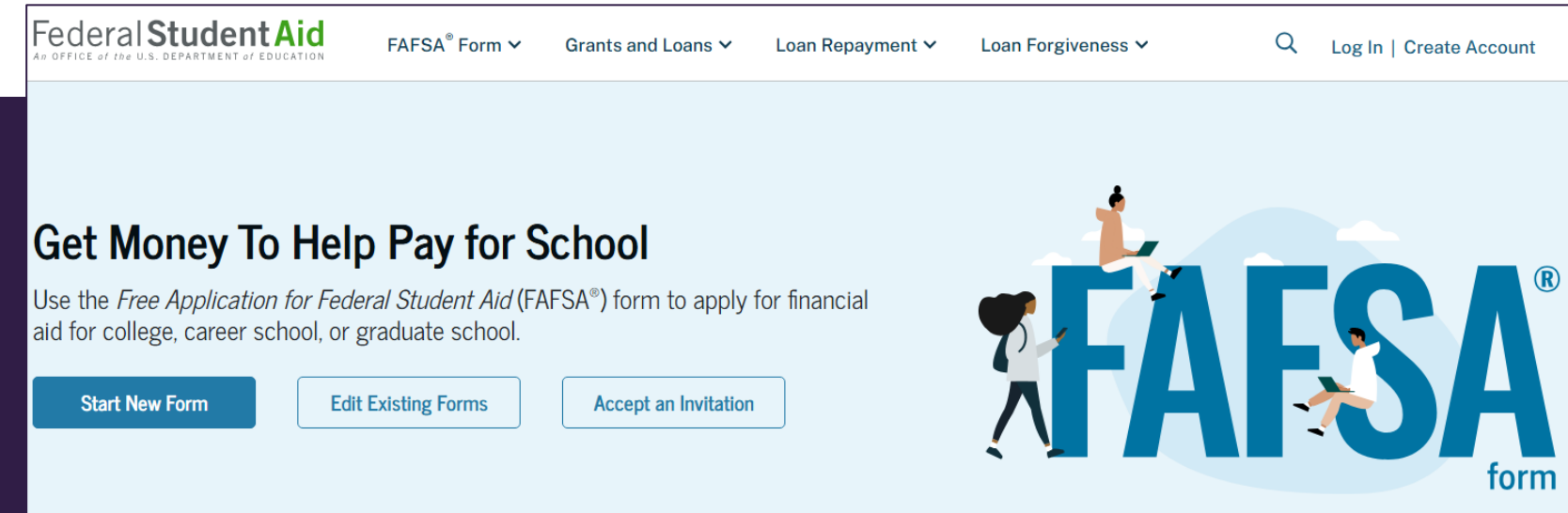


FAFSA®

- Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)
- Required by all colleges
- Must complete every year
- Available on Oct 1st
- Steps to complete:

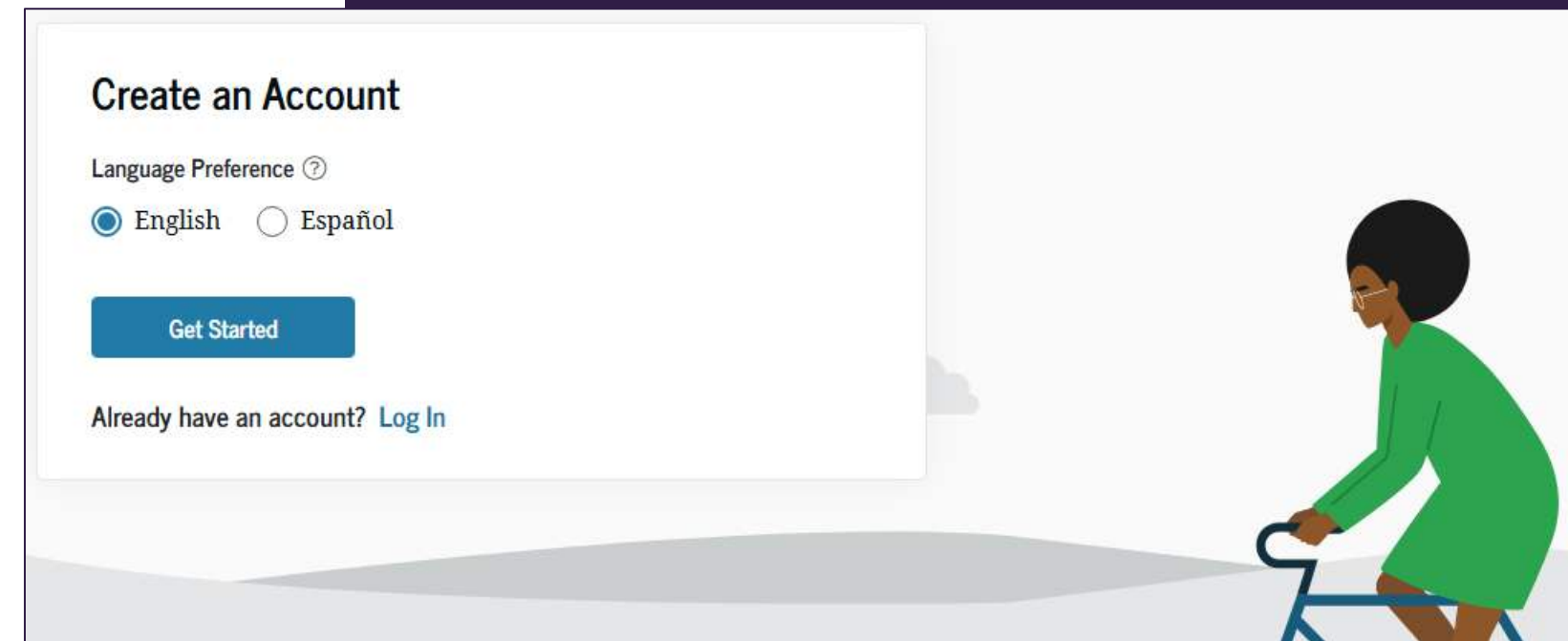
1. Go to fafsa.gov and select the 2027-28 FAFSA starting Oct 1, 2026
2. Have student start the FAFSA (**highly recommended**) and then invite all other contributors (parents)
3. Each contributor will complete their own separate section
4. Last contributor to complete can submit the FAFSA
5. Incomplete FAFSAs are deleted after 45 days of no activity

Watch MEFA's *Understanding the FAFSA* webinar at mefa.org/webinars for step-by-step guidance



FSA ID

- FSA ID = username and password for the FAFSA
- Must have an FSA ID to log in
- Can set up your FSA ID now at studentaid.gov/fsa-id/create-account
- Must have an email address
- Who needs an FSA ID?
 - Student
 - Every parent listed on the FAFSA
 - If parents filed taxes jointly, only one parent needs one
 - Student's spouse (if applicable) if filed taxes separately or didn't file
- Those without an SSN will answer knowledge-based questions pulled from credit history



What's Reported on the FAFSA?

- General Information
- Student citizenship status
 - All U.S. citizens and eligible non-citizens can receive federal financial aid
 - Undocumented students may be eligible for MA in-state tuition and state aid
- Colleges where student is applying (each one will receive your FAFSA data)
- Parents
 - Married, including same-sex parents, include both
 - All parents who live together, married or not
 - Divorced/Separated: parent who provided more financial support in last 12 months & current spouse
 - If parents provided equal support, use the parent with greater income and assets
 - Legal guardians are NOT a parent
- # in household: will pull from IRS but family can update
- # of children in college: will not be used in calculation

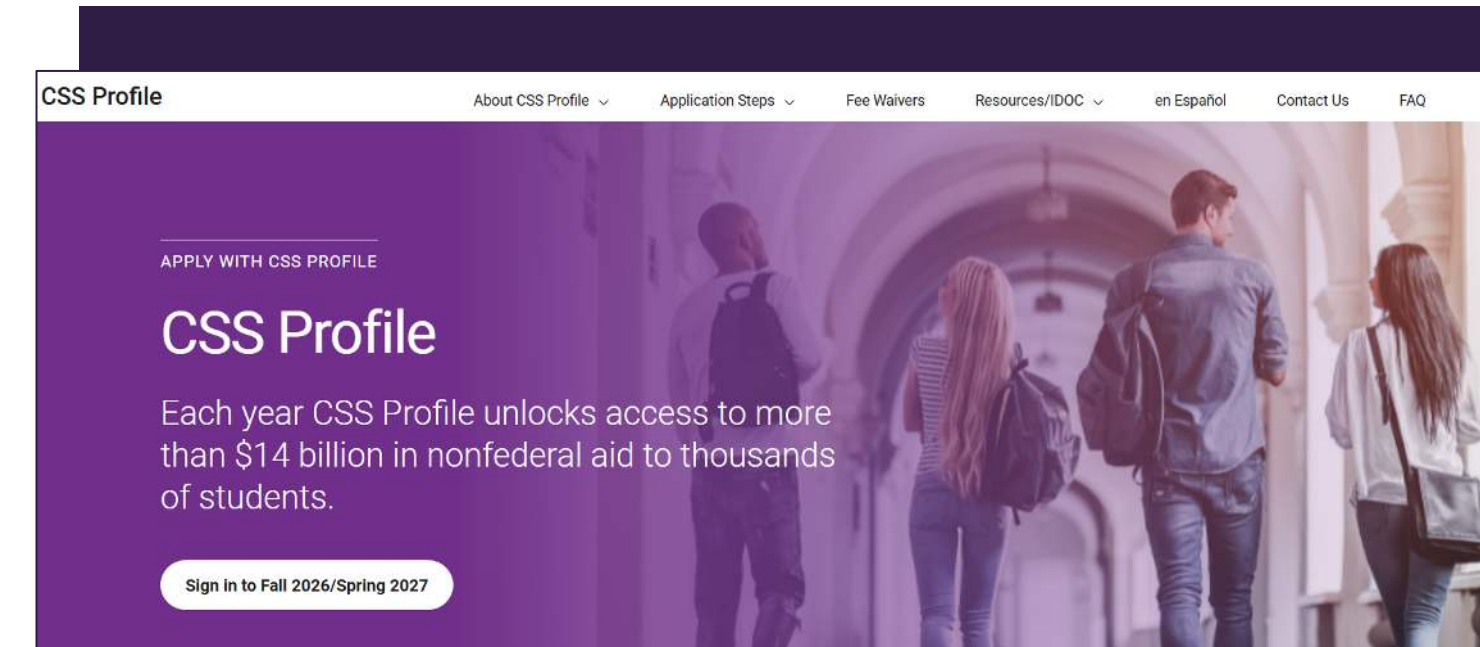
What's Reported on the FAFSA?

- Financial Information
- Parent and student income (2025 income for the 2027-28 FAFSA)
 - Will pull in federal tax data from the IRS (must give consent)
 - Both taxed and untaxed income that appears on the tax return
- Parent and student assets
 - Include value of savings, checking, investments, larger businesses except commercial fishing businesses, other property
 - Include education savings accounts as a parent asset and don't report the ones for other children
 - Do not include primary home, value of retirement, life insurance, family farms, small businesses, or commercial fishing businesses
 - Child support received is considered an asset
- Debt is not reported except debt on reported assets

Other Financial Aid Applications

CSS Profile®

- cssprofile.org
- Required by some colleges and universities
- \$25 for 1st school, \$16 for each additional
- Fee waivers if parent income is \$100k or less or family meets certain other criteria
- Becomes available Oct 1st
- Noncustodial parent submits a separate profile
- *What to Know about the CSS Profile* webinar on mefa.org/webinars



College Financial Aid Application

- Required by some colleges and universities



After You Apply

- Colleges and the state receive data electronically
- Student will receive a FAFSA Submission Summary (FSS) by email
- Colleges may request additional documentation due to (mandatory) Verification
- Colleges review applications and determine the financial aid offer
- Financial aid may be sent with the admissions decision or after
- Review college websites to learn about each school's timing

Verification

- Colleges verify data on financial aid applications
- Students selected by Department of Education or college
- Must comply with all requests to receive financial aid
- Families must submit additional documentation as requested:
 - Tax Return Transcript
 - Verification Worksheet
 - Asset Account Statements
- Review all correspondence from colleges
- Log into college web portal for communications
- Create a family email address for the financial aid process so no requests are overlooked



Financial Aid Office

Learn About Your Financial Aid	• Financial aid renewability criteria (financial, academic) • How will a private scholarship affect my financial aid?
Ask About Special Considerations	• Changes in family circumstances • Can I appeal my offer? How?
How to Contact the Financial Aid Office	• Phone call • Email • Chat (if offered)

How Financial Aid Decisions are Made

Cost of Attendance (COA)

**COA = Total Expenses for
One Year of College**



= Billed or Direct Expenses



= Non-Billed or Indirect Expenses

Tuition & Fees

+

Food & Housing

+

Books & Supplies

+

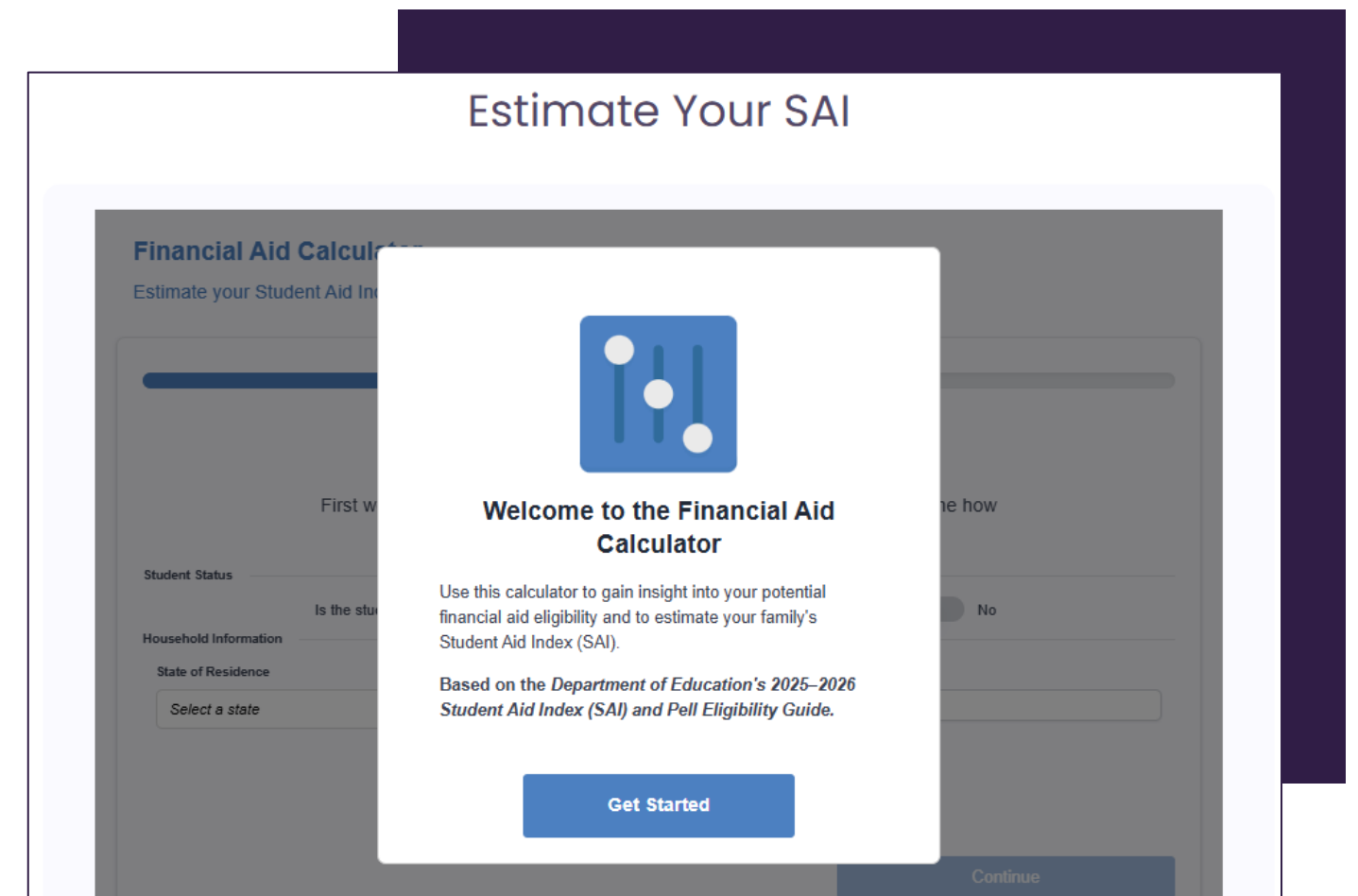
Transportation

+

Personal Expenses

Student Aid Index (SAI)

- Number that represents a family's financial strength
- Same federal formula used for every family
- Income weighs much more heavily than assets
- Some colleges also use an institutional formula
- Family has the primary responsibility for paying
- Not necessarily what the family will pay
- SAI Calculator at mefa.org/sai-calculator



Financial Aid Formula

**Colleges fill in
Financial Aid
Eligibility with
financial aid from
all sources**

Cost of Attendance (COA)

-

Student Aid Index (SAI)*

=

Financial Aid Eligibility

*Note that a negative SAI is treated as zero in this formula

Financial Aid Awarding

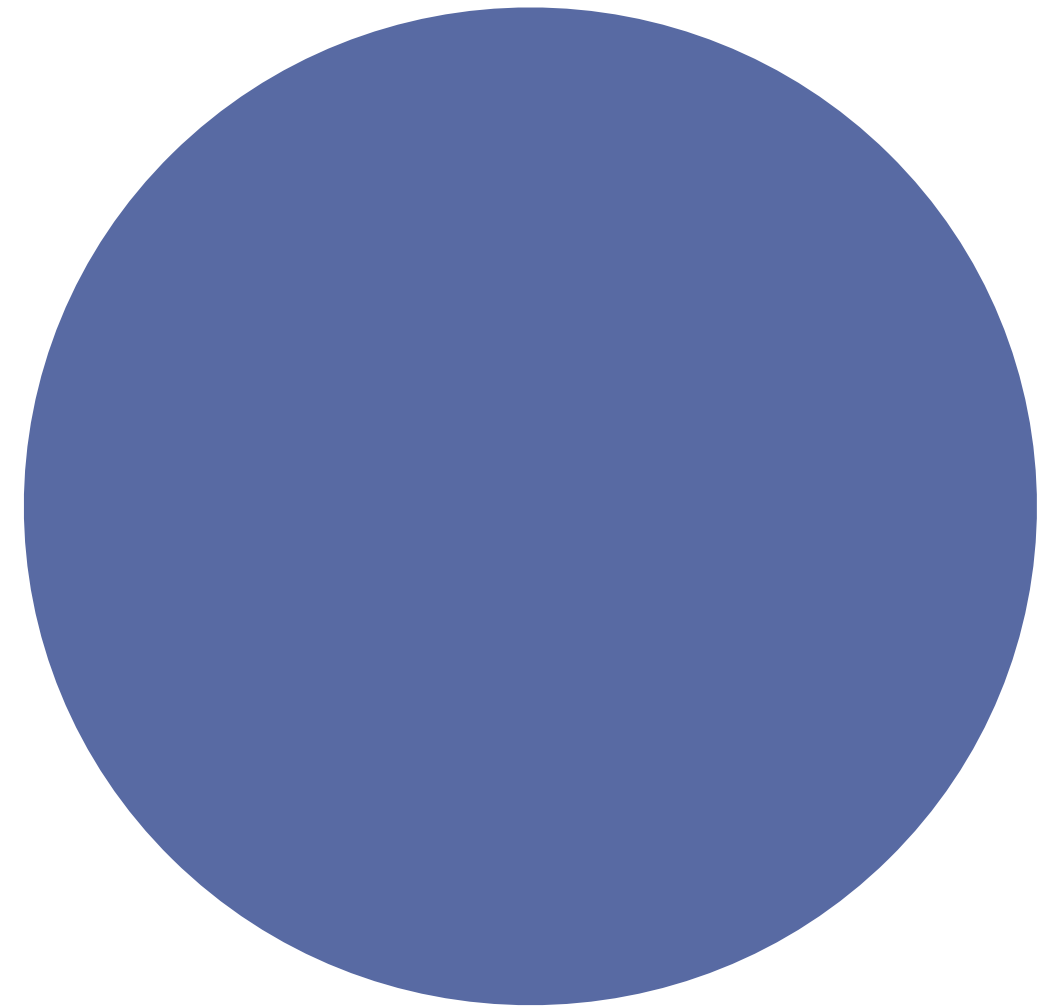
**College
Cost of
Attendance**
\$45,000

Unmet need and
SAI are the
FAMILY's
responsibility

Unmet Need	\$5,000
Work-Study	\$2,000
Student Loans	\$5,500
Grant Scholarship	\$17,500 \$10,000
SAI	\$5,000

Net Price Calculators

- Online tool found on each institution's website
- Asks questions about family finances and student academics
- Provides personal, estimated net college price
- Displays federal and institutional aid
- Merit-based aid may also be included



Offer Letters: Totals Can Vary



College
Cost of
Attendance

\$45,000

Student Aid Index
(SAI)

\$5,000

Total Eligibility

\$40,000

	College A	College B	College C
Grants/ Scholarships	\$32,500	\$25,500	\$17,500
Student Loans	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500
Work-Study	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
Total	\$40,000	\$33,000	\$25,000
Unmet Need	\$0	\$7,000	\$15,000



Use MEFA’s College Cost Calculator to compare offers: mefa.org/college-cost-calculator

Offer Letters: Types Can Vary



College
Cost of
Attendance

\$45,000

Student Aid Index
(SAI)

\$5,000

Total Eligibility

\$40,000

	College A	College B	College C
Grants/ Scholarships	\$27,500	\$17,500	\$7,500
Student Loans	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500
Parent Loans	\$0	\$10,000	\$20,000
Work-Study	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
Total	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$35,000
Unmet Need	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000



Use MEFA’s College Cost Calculator to compare offers: mefa.org/college-cost-calculator



Paying for College

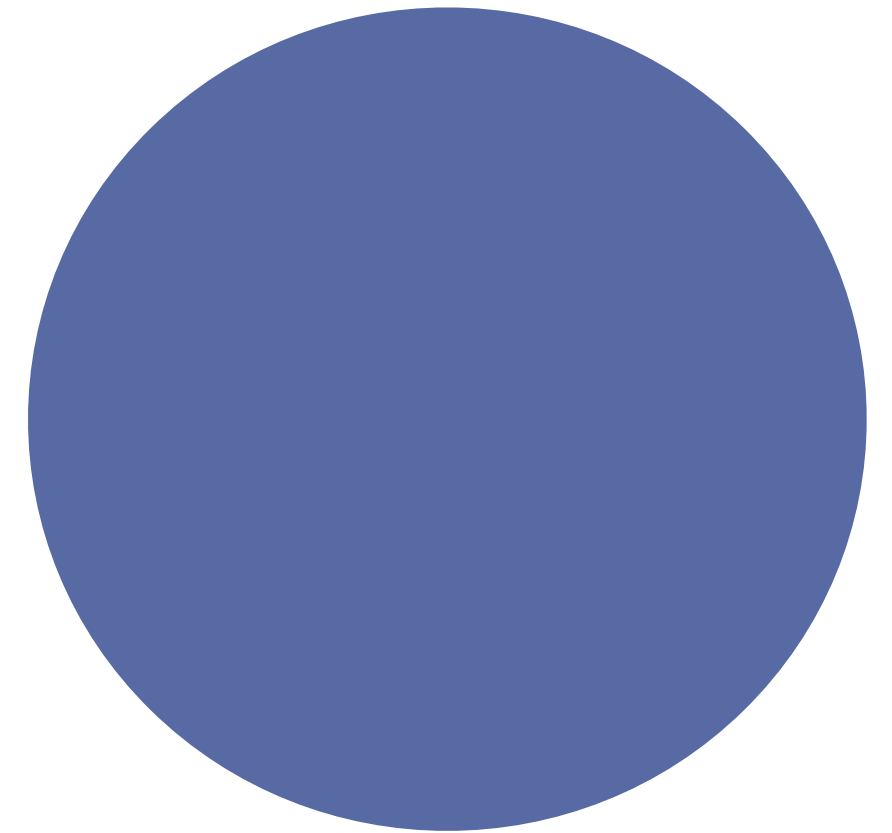
Filling SAI and Unmet Need: An Example

Balance Due: \$20,000

Past Income (Savings)	
Student Savings	-\$1,000
Parent Savings	-\$4,000
Present Income (Current Wages)	
Parent Contribution to Payment Plan	-\$5,000
Future Income (Borrowing College Loans)	
Education Loan	-\$10,000
	\$0

Family Conversations on Affordability

- What is each school's net price?
- Who will pay for college costs?
- Consider community college first (free tuition and fees in MA)
- Consider the number of children in the family going to college
- Make a 4-year financing plan
- Federal PLUS Loan caps as of 7/1/26: \$20k/year, \$65k in total
- Think in terms of family total debt (4+ years of school) and student's potential starting salary



Paying for College in MA



Free and Affordable College

Free and affordable college tuition and fees are here across public Massachusetts community colleges and four-year universities!

To apply for MA state financial aid, complete the FAFSA ASAP after Oct 1st

mass.gov/go-higher

- **Free Community College:** Free tuition and fees and potential book allowance for all students
- **MASSGrant Plus & MASSGrant Plus Expansion:** Free or reduced tuition & fees for low & middle-income students and potential book allowance at community colleges and 4-year public colleges
- **Tuition Equity Law:** Some undocumented students can receive MA state aid and in-state tuition rates by submitting the MASFA
- **MassTransfer:** Makes transferring from a MA community college to a 4-year MA public college more affordable
- **Tuition Break:** Reduction on out-of-state tuition costs at New England colleges for certain programs (nebhe.org/tuitionbreak)

mefa.org/article/paying-college-massachusetts



Contact Us



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