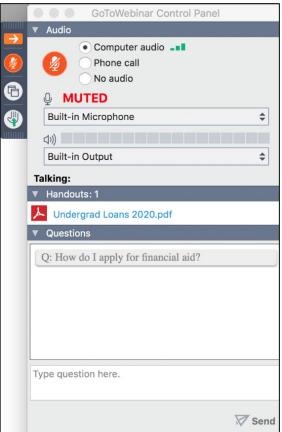
# mefa®

# A Beginner's Look at College Financial Aid

A MEFA Institute Webinar

How to Participate in This Webinar

The microphone icon lets you know if you can be heard. The presenter may mute everyone during the webinar. The hand icon may be used if the presenter wants to take a vote Check the quality of your sound here If the presenter provides handouts for the webinar, you will find them here Have a question during the webinar? Type it in the **Questions** section



# **About MEFA**



# Presentation Agenda

- 1. Types and Sources of Aid
- 2. The Application Process
- 3. How Financial Aid Decisions Are Made
- 4. Paying for College
- 5. Free Resources
- 6. Questions



# Types and Sources of Financial Aid

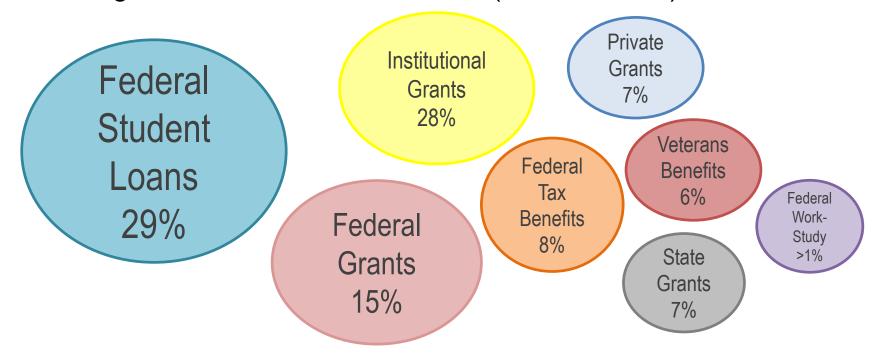
# What is Financial Aid?

Financial aid is money to help students pay for college



# Financial Aid Breakdown

Undergraduate Student Aid 2018-19 (\$186.9 Billion)



### Merit-Based Aid



- Awarded in recognition of student achievements (academic, artistic, athletic, etc.)
- Might have renewable requirements or not be renewable
- Not offered at every school; check each school's website for details
- Separate application sometimes required (check deadlines!)
- Application deadline may be as early as November

# Need-Based Aid



# Sources of Financial Aid

#### **Federal**

- Grants, work-study, loans, tax incentives
- StudentAid.gov

#### **College/University (institutional aid)**

• Grants, scholarships, loans

#### **Massachusetts**

- Grants, scholarships, tuition waivers, loans
- mass.edu/osfa

#### **Other Agencies**

 Scholarships: Search through mefapathway.org, fastweb.com, and your school counselor

### Federal Direct Student Loans

- Student is the sole borrower
- No credit check
- Subsidized and Unsubsidized
- 2.75% fixed interest rate for 2020-21
- Repayment:
  - No payments due while enrolled
  - Multiple options (many tied to income)
  - Total borrowed for 4 years: \$27,000 max
  - Estimated payment: \$300/month for 10 years
  - Estimated total debt: \$32,000-\$34,000
  - Deferment, forbearance, and forgiveness opportunities

Annual Loan Limits		
Freshman Year	\$5,500	
Sophomore Year	\$6,500	
Junior Year	\$7,500	
Senior Year	\$7,500	



# The Application Process

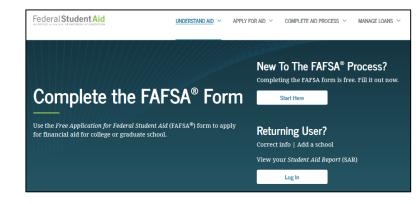
### Financial Aid Timeline

- Check deadlines and required applications on each college's website now
- Early action/decision deadlines are often in October or November
- Standard deadlines are typically in February or March
- DON'T SUBMIT APPLICATIONS LATE
- Use MEFA's College Application Manager to stay organized
  - mefa.org/college-application-manager



# FAFSA®

- Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)
- Required by all colleges
- Becomes available October 1st: <u>fafsa.gov</u>
- Easy completion on myStudentAid mobile app
- Log in with an FSA ID: <u>fsaid.ed.gov</u>
  - Both student and parent need one!
- IRS Data Retrieval Tool: Pull in federal tax data
- FAFSA webinar recording on <u>mefa.org/events</u>
- MUST BE COMPLETED EVERY YEAR





# What's Reported on the FAFSA?

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- Student citizenship status
  - Non-citizen parents:
    - Use zeros for SSN
    - Print signature page to sign (cannot get FSA ID)
- Colleges where student is applying (each one will receive your FAFSA)
- Parents
  - Married, including same-sex parents
  - All parents who live together, married or not
  - Divorced/Separated: custodial parent & current spouse
  - Legal guardians are NOT a parent
- # in household, # of children in college



# What's Reported on the FAFSA?

#### FINANCIAL INFORMATION

- Parent and student income (2019 income for the 2021-22 FAFSA)
  - Both taxed and untaxed
- Parent and student assets
  - Include: savings, checking, investments, other property
  - Include: all 529 accounts as a parent asset
  - Do not include: primary home, value of retirement, life insurance, value of small family business
- Debt is not reported except debt on reported assets



# Who's Eligible for Federal & State Aid?

- U.S. citizens and eligible non-citizens
- Valid SSN (except Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, or the Republic of Palau)
- Males 18-25: Register for Selective Service (Male at birth)
- Must have high school diploma or equivalent (can't still be enrolled in HS)
- Regular student enrolled in degree or certificate program
  - If admitted to program and it includes remedial coursework, can receive aid for one year of remedial work
  - If taking prep coursework necessary for enrollment, can receive Direct Loan for one year

# Eligible Non-Citizens

- U.S. nationals
- U.S. permanent residents with Form I-551, I-151, or I-551C
- Those with Arrival-Departure Record (I-94) from U.S. Citizen and Immigration Services (USCIS)
- Those who hold a T-visa or have parents with a T-1 visa
- Any "battered immigrant-qualified alien" or a child of such a person under the Violence Against Women Act
- Citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, or the Republic of Palau

# Federally Independent Students

No parent information collected (though some colleges may collect parent info for consideration of college-based funds)

#### Criteria

- 24 or older
- Married
- Graduate Student
- Active duty/Veteran of U.S. Armed Forces
- Provide more than half of support for children or dependents
- Emancipated minor
- In legal guardianship
- Since turned 13: orphan, in foster care, or ward of court
- Unaccompanied, homeless youth



# Other Financial Aid Applications

#### CSS Profile™

- cssprofile.org
- Required by some colleges and universities
- \$25 for 1st school, \$16 for each additional
- Becomes available October 1st
- Noncustodial parent will need to submit a separate Profile
- Profile webinar recording on <u>mefa.org/mefa-</u> institute

#### College Financial Aid Application

Required by some colleges and universities



# More About the CSS Profile

#### Why Do Institutions Use the Profile?

- Collects more detailed information than the FAFSA
- 2. Allows schools to ask customized questions
- 3. Permits families to provide special circumstances



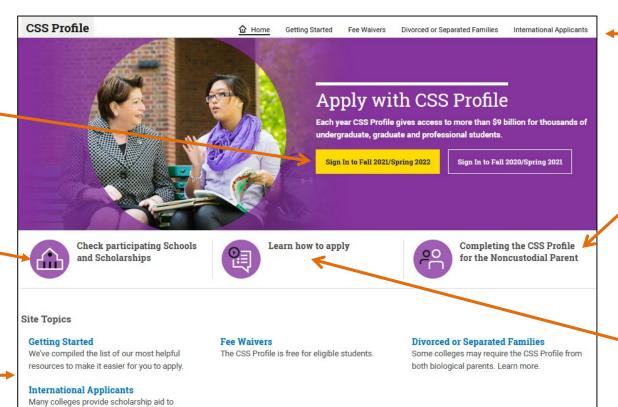
# Start Here: <a href="mailto:cssprofile.org">cssprofile.org</a>

international students. Know what to expect.

High school seniors should apply for 2021-22

List of colleges that require the Profile

More info



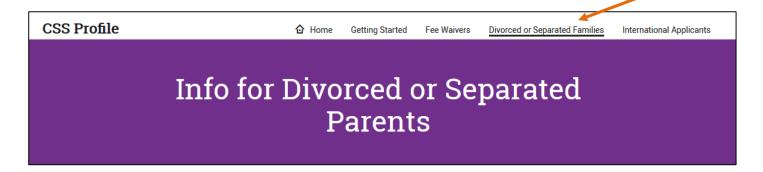
More info

Info for noncustodial parents

Overview webinar

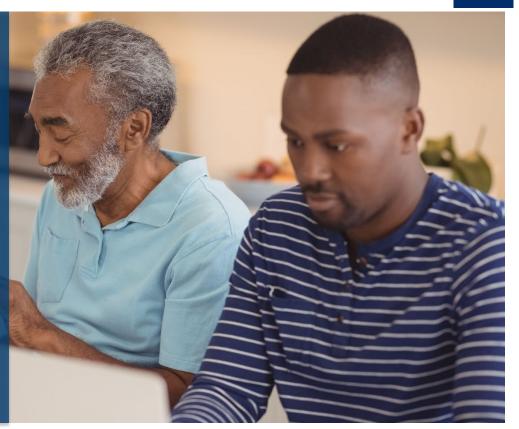
### **Parent Information**

- Report all parents and step-parents (up to 4) (include deceased)
- Legal guardians should be reported as parents (different from the FAFSA)
- Custodial parent, current spouse, and student provide info
  - Provide list of colleges
- <u>Some</u> schools require noncustodial parent to submit a Profile (check school's website)
- Student supplies email address of noncustodial parent
  - Either after school selection or in dashboard after submission
  - It is student responsibility to follow up with noncustodial parent



# General Information Requested on Profile

- Colleges where student is applying
- Parent & student 2019 income
  - Will refer to tax return lines
- Parent & student projected income
  - 2020 & 2021
- Parent and student assets (current)
- Household member information
- Number of children in college



# More Questions = Better Estimate of Ability to Pay

#### **Parent Income**

 Untaxed Social Security Benefits, Earned Income Credit, Additional Child Tax Credit, Foreign Income Exclusion



#### **Parent Assets**

- Value and debt of primary home
- All business and farm information
- Parent assets held in siblings' names
- Retirement value (asked for, though not often used)

#### Parent expenses

- Medical/dental
- Private elementary/secondary school tuition
- Education loan payments



# More Questions = Better Estimate of Ability to Pay

#### **Family data**

- Ages of siblings
- Colleges that siblings attend

#### Student data

- Private scholarships
- Employee tuition benefits

#### **Explanation of special circumstances**

- After certain questions and at the end of the application
- Can check a certain category but must provide details
- Notate change in income, exceptional expenses, etc.
- Send details to college if happens after completing the Profile

#### Supplemental Questions

- Added by each college/university (requesting school will be noted)
- Sometimes not required but strongly recommended to answer









# What is IDOC?

- College Board's Institutional Documentation Service
- Collects family documents (such as tax returns) on institution's behalf
- IDOC student dashboard tells student of required documents
- Institution-specific forms are under the Get Forms link on the IDOC dashboard
- Documents must be in JPEG, TIFF, or PDF format
- Sign any documents on signature lines
- IDOC Customer Service: (866) 897-9881
- <u>idoc.collegeboard.com</u>



# After You Apply



- 1. Colleges & state receive data electronically
- 2. Student will receive Student Aid Report (SAR) by mail or email
- 3. Contact the Financial Aid Office with any special circumstances
- 4. Colleges may request Verification documents. The financial aid application is incomplete until you submit these documents.
- 5. Colleges review applications and determine the financial aid award

# Verification

**What is Verification?** Federal Verification is a process that requires institutions to verify the accuracy of information provided on a student's FAFSA in an effort to assure federal aid is distributed to those who are eligible.

Possible requirements for families:

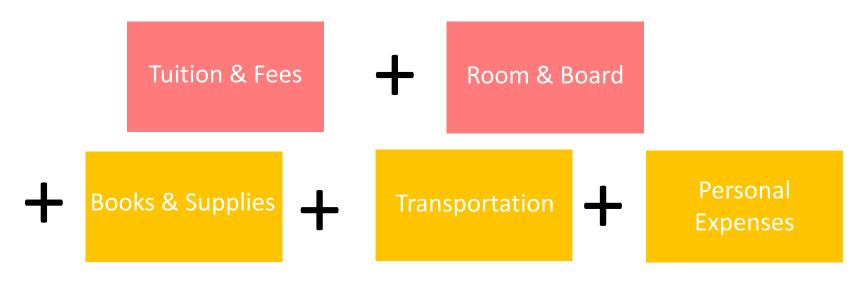
- College's Verification Worksheet
- Use of the IRS Data Retrieval Tool
- Submission of signed tax returns via the College Board's IDOC or directly to the college
- IRS Tax Return Transcript
  - irs.gov: Select Get Your Tax Record
  - By phone: (800) 908-9946
  - By mail: Form 4506-T
- Verification of Non-Filing (VONF)
  - <u>irs.gov</u>: Select Get Your Tax Record
  - By phone: (800) 908-9946

Tax advocate service for families: irs.gov/Advocate/

# How Financial Aid Decisions Are Made

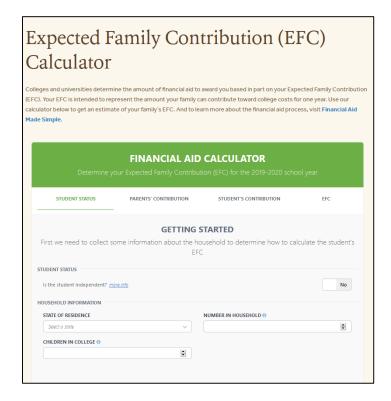
# Cost of Attendance (COA)

### COA = Total Expenses for One Year of College



# **Expected Family Contribution (EFC)**

- Amount family has ability to absorb for 1 year of college costs
- Same federal formula used for every family
- Some colleges also use an institutional formula
- Family has the primary responsibility for paying
- Not necessarily what the family will pay
- Lowered if family has more than 1 child in college
- EFC Calculator on mefa.org

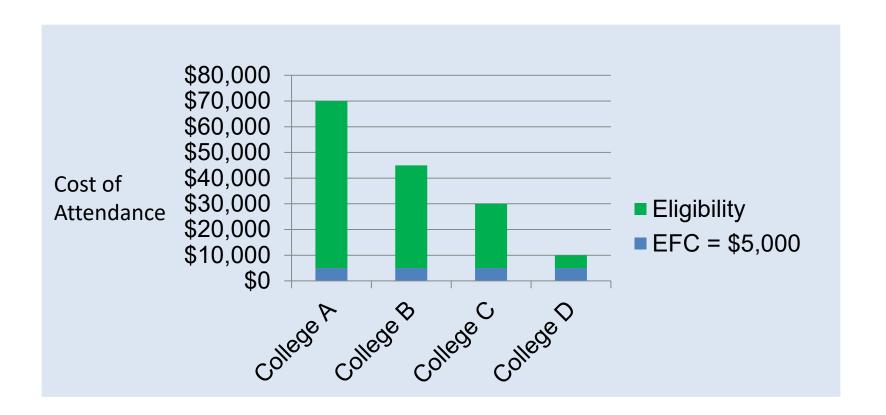


# Cost of Attendance (COA) Expected Family Contribution (EFC)

= Financial Aid Eligibility

Colleges fill in Financial Aid Eligibility with financial aid from all sources

# How the Formula Works



# Financial Aid Awarding

**College COA =** \$45,000

Unmet need and EFC is the <u>FAMILY's</u> responsibility

\$5,000	
\$2,000	
\$5,500	
\$17,500 \$10,000	

# Award Letters: Totals Can Vary

COA: \$45,000 EFC: \$5,000 Total Eligibility: \$40,000

	College A	College B	College C
Grants/Scholarships	\$32,500	\$25,500	\$17,500
Student Loans	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500
Work-Study	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$2,000
Total	\$40,000	\$33,000	\$25,000
Unmet Need	\$0	\$7,000	\$15,000

### Award Letters: Types Can Vary

COA: \$45,000 EFC: \$5,000 Total Eligibility: \$40,000

	College A	College B	College C
<b>Grants/Scholarships</b>	\$27,500	\$17,500	\$0
Student Loans	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500
Parent Loans	\$0	\$10,000	\$29,500
Work-Study	\$2,000	\$2,000	\$0
Total	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$35,000
Unmet Need	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000

# Paying for College

## Filling the EFC and Unmet Need: An Example

Balance Due		\$20,000		
Past Income (Savings)				
	Student Savings	-\$1,000		
	Parent Savings	-\$4,000		
Present Income (Current Wages)				
Parent Contribution to Payment Plan		-\$5,000		
Future Income (Borrowing College Loans)				
	Education Loan	-\$10,000		
		\$0		

### Additional Financial Considerations

- Consider the number of children you will send to college
- Think in terms of total enrollment (4+ years) and total debt
- Consider the post-graduation monthly loan payment
- Students should research potential starting salary for intended career
- Is the student considering graduate school?
- Know your credit score if you plan to borrow a private loan
- Compare each school's net price after financial aid offers are received



### Paying for College in MA: You Have Options

#### MassTransfer

- Makes transfer from community college to a 4-year public
   MA college more affordable
- Benefits include guaranteed credit transfer, tuition credit, & freeze on tuition
- mass.edu/masstransfer

#### **Tuition Break**

- Reduction on out-of-state tuition costs at New England schools for certain programs
- Nebhe.org/programs-overview/rsp-tuitionbreak/overview

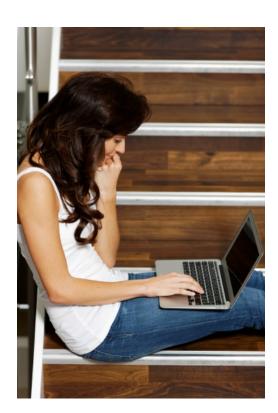




## Free Resources

### **Net Price Calculators**

- Online tool found on each institution's website
- Asks questions about family finances & student academics
- Provides personal, estimated net college price
- Displays federal & institutional aid
- Merit-based aid may also be included



### Financial Aid Office

Learn about Your Financial Aid	<ul> <li>Financial aid renewability criteria (financial, academic)</li> <li>Treatment of private scholarships</li> </ul>
Ask About Special Considerations	<ul><li>Changes in family circumstances</li><li>Can I appeal my award? How?</li></ul>
How to Contact the Financial Aid Office	<ul> <li>Phone call</li> <li>Email</li> <li>Chat (if offered)</li> </ul>

### 9 Things MEFA Encourages Families to Know

- 1. What is the total cost of attendance?
- 2. What financial aid applications are required and when are they due?
- 3. What are the college's application requirements for divorced or separated parents?
- 4. What is the college's policy on need-based aid?
- 5. Does the college offer merit-based scholarships? How do students apply?
- 6. Assuming that cost and family responsibility remain constant, how will grant and loan amounts change from year to year? What if the family's situation changes?
- 7. Are scholarships/grants renewable each year? If so, are there conditions such as grade point average, enrollment status, or major?
- 8. Are students required to apply for financial aid even if they receive a scholarship?
- 9. How do outside scholarships affect the financial aid package the school offers?

### National and Community Resources

- FAFSA Day
  - Free assistance completing the FAFSA
  - 5 virtual events Oct-Feb
  - Register at <u>FAFSADay.org</u>



- Educational Opportunity Centers
  - Free financial aid help
  - MassEdCO.org



### What Families Can Do Now

- Get an FSA ID for the student and parent
- Research deadlines and required applications
- Sign up for webinars at mefa.org/events
- Reference MEFA's Timeline for College
   Admissions and Financial Aid on mefa.org

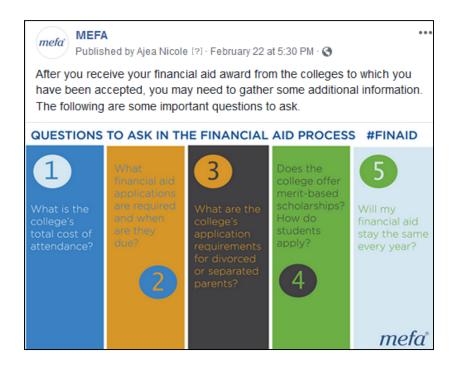


### Things To Do

- Register for upcoming MEFA Institute webinars and complete lessons to earn PDPs: <u>mefa.org/mefa-institute</u>
- Share MEFA resources with families
- Visit <u>mefa.org/counselors</u>



#### Connect with MEFA on Social Media





facebook.com/mefaMA



@MEFAtweets



linkedin.com/company/mefa



youtube.com/MEFAcounselor

# Questions?

(800) 449-MEFA (6332)

collegeplanning@mefa.org

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